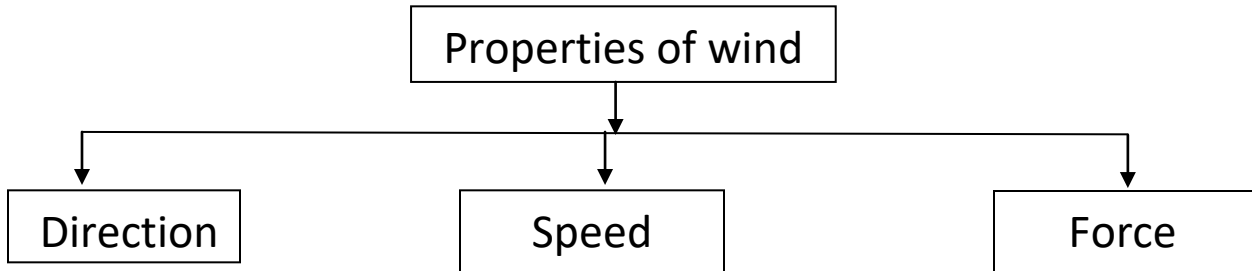


STD - II
EVS
NOTES
(2024 – 2025)

TERM-II

Ln -7: Moving Air

I. Mind map:



II. Fill in the blanks:

1. Air has weight.
2. Moving air is called wind.
3. Wind blowing at a high speed is called storm.
4. Wind carries some varieties of seeds from one place to another.

III. Match the following:

1. Air - occupies space
2. Breeze - gentle wind
3. Storm - strong wind
4. Wind mills - electricity
5. Wind - three properties

IV. Give two examples:

1. Uses of wind - dry clothes, carries seeds
2. Properties of wind - Speed, Force

V. Answer the following:

1. What is air?

Ans: Air is essential for all living things on earth. We cannot see air but we can feel it.

2. Name the properties of wind.

Ans: Wind has direction, speed and force.

3. Write any two uses of wind.

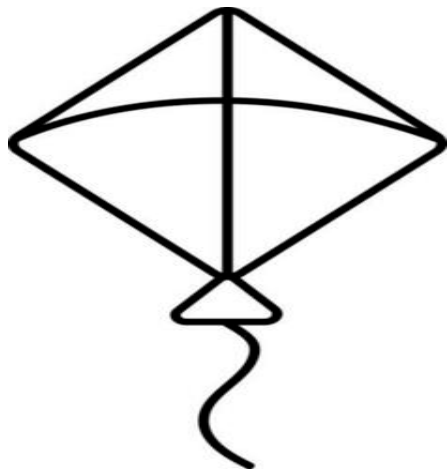
Ans: i) Wind helps sailboats to sail on seas.

ii) It helps clouds to move in the sky.

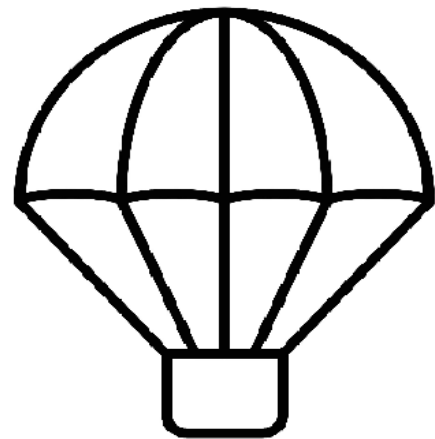
4. How sand dunes are formed?

Ans: Sand dunes are formed by the action of wind.

VI. Draw any two things that move with the help of wind:



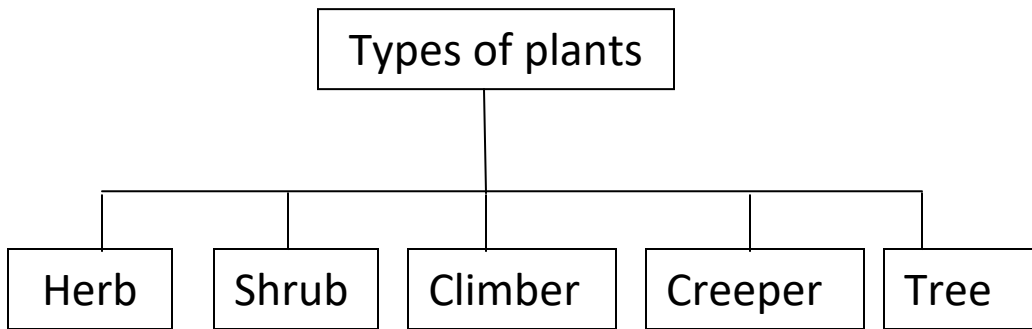
Kite



Parachute

Ln-8: Our Green Friends

I. Mind map:



II. Fill in the blanks:

1. Leaves prepare food for the plants.
2. Grapevine is an example of a climber plant.
3. Herbs are small plants.
4. Trees have thick woody stems called trunks.
5. We cook food in the kitchen.

III. Match the following:

1. Climber - Pea plant
2. Creeper - Watermelon
3. Herb - Mint
4. Shrub - Cotton plant

IV. Give two examples:

1. Creepers - Bottle Gourd, Pumpkin
2. Ornamental plant - Hibiscus, Rose

V. Answer the following:

1. What are herbs? Give two examples.

Ans: Herbs are small plants with thin, soft and green stems.

Examples: Coriander and Spinach.

2. Why are leaves called the kitchen of the plant?

Ans: Plants prepare food in their leaves with the help of sunlight, water and air. So, it is called the kitchen of the plant.

3. What are climbers?

Ans: Climbers have thin and weak stems. They need support to climb up.

VI. Draw and name any two trees:



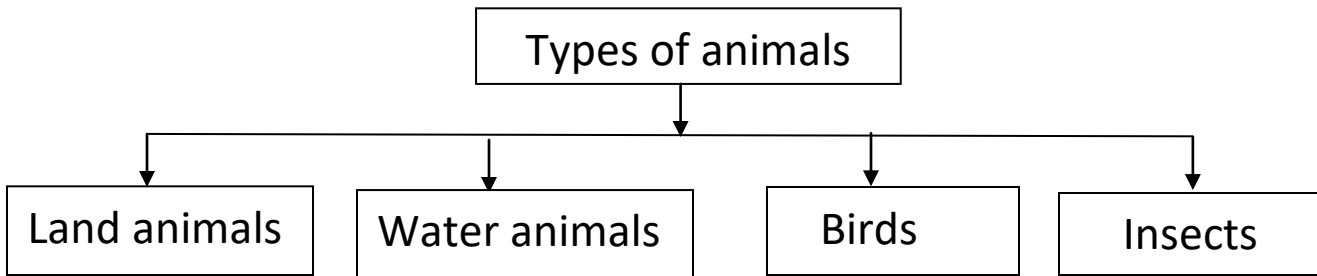
Mango tree



Coconut tree

Ln-9: World of Animals

I. Mind map:



II. Fill in the blanks:

1. A donkey is used to carry heavy loads.
2. We get silk from silkworm.
3. We get honey from beehive.
4. We get milk from cows, buffaloes and goats.
5. A Lion is an example for flesh eater animal.

III. Match the following:

1. Land - cow
2. Water - fish
3. Sheep - wool
4. Sparrow - grains
5. Leather - belt

IV. Give two examples:

1. Plant eaters - Rabbits, Goats
2. Flesh eaters - Leopards, Foxes

V. Answer the following:

1. What are land animals? Give two examples.

Ans: The animals that live on land are called land animals. Examples: Tigers, Elephants

2. What are water animals? Give two examples.

Ans: Animals that live in water are called water animals. Examples: Whales, Starfish

3. What are plant eaters? Give two examples.

Ans: Animals that eat green grass, leaves, fruits and vegetables are called plant eaters.

Examples: Cows, Rabbits

4. What are flesh eaters? Give two examples.

Ans: Animals that eat flesh of other animals are called flesh eaters.

Examples: Lions, foxes

VI. Draw any two things that we get from milk:



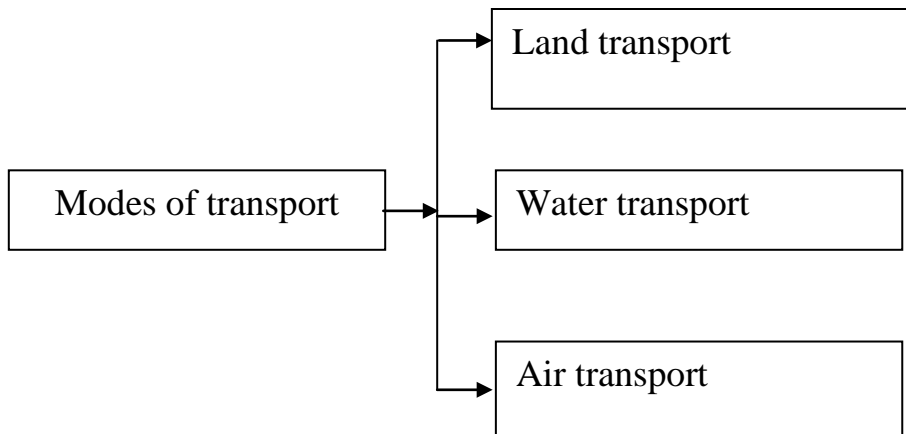
Ghee



Butter

Ln-10:Transport

I. Mind map:



II. Fill in the blanks:

1. A train carries passengers and goods.
2. The person who sends the message is known as the sender.
3. Metro trains are the fastest means of land transport.
4. A wheel is a round object that rotates in a circular motion.

III. Match the Following:

1. Bicycle - land transport
2. Two wheeler - scooter
3. Aeroplane - air transport
4. Ship - water transport

IV. Write True or False:

1. A vehicle that moves in air is called water transport. - False
2. A bus has more than four wheels. - True
3. Air travel takes a lot of time. - False

V. Give two examples:

1. Rail transport - Metro train, Goods train
2. Four wheelers - Bus, Car
3. Means of communication - Letters, Mobile phones

VI. Answer the following:

1. Name the three modes of transports.

Ans: * Land transport

* Water transport

* Air transport

2. How did the early human beings made the wheel?

Ans: The early human beings made the wheel by the trunks of trees.

3. Write the two types of land transport.

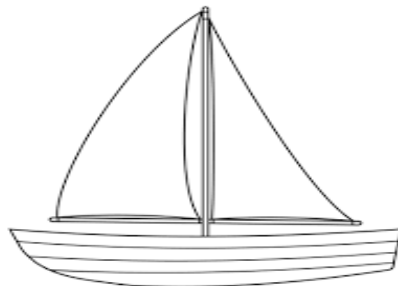
Ans: * Road transport

* Rail transport

4. What is water transport?

Ans: Means of transport that move on water is known as water transport.

VII. Draw and name a water transport:



Boat

Ln-11: Directions and Time

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. Directions help us to find our way.
2. We wake up when the sun rises in the morning.
3. Seven days make a week.
4. A year consists of 52 weeks approximately.

II. Match the following:

1. Direction - North
2. Noon - midday
3. Fortnight - fourteen days
4. Compass - find directions

III. Give two examples:

1. Directions - North, South
2. Sub-directions - North- east, South -east

IV. Answer the following:

1. What are directions?

Ans: Directions help us to find our way. They also tell about the position of an object or a place.

2. Name the four main directions.

Ans: North, south, east and west.

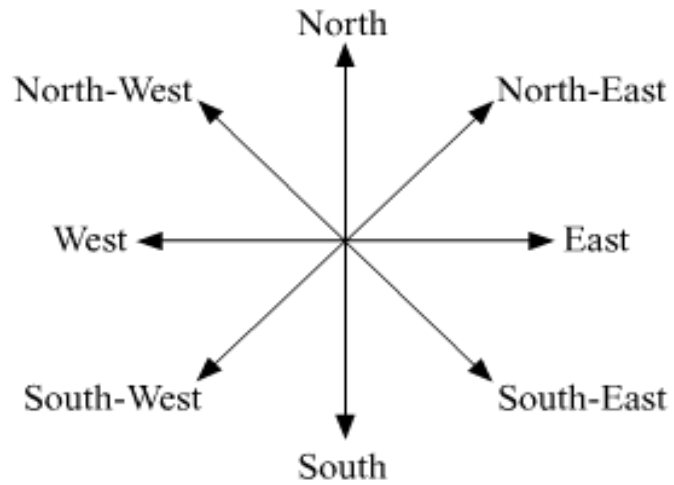
3. What is a compass?

Ans: A compass is an instrument for finding directions.

4. What is a calendar?

Ans: A calendar is a chart that shows the days, weeks and months of a particular year.

V. Draw the directions and sub-directions:



Ln-12: Our Country

I.Fill in the blanks:

1. National symbols reflect our heritage and culture.
2. The Ganga is our National River.
3. The Golden Temple at Amritsar is one of the most famous gurudwara in India.
4. Delhi is the capital city of India.

II. Match the following:

1. Banyan tree - Kalpavriksha
2. Sikhs - Gurudwara
3. Muslims - Mosque
4. Bhagavad Gita - Hindus
5. Indian currency - Rupeya

III. Answer the following:

1. Name three National festivals of our country.

Ans: Independence Day, Republic Day and Gandhi Jayanti.

2. Where and by whom is the Indian flag hoisted on Independence Day?

Ans: The Prime Minister of India hoists the National flag on Independence Day at Red Fort.

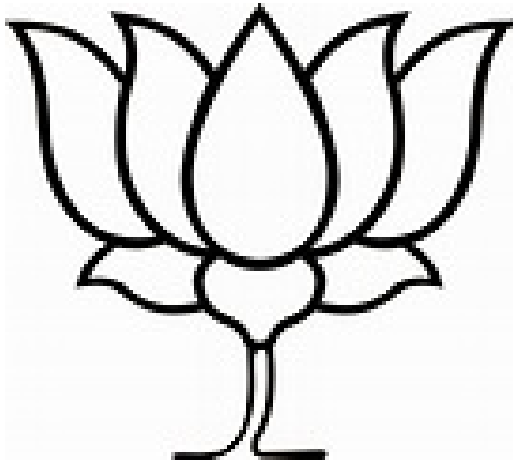
3. Which is our National Flower? What does it signify?

Ans: The lotus is our National Flower. It signifies purity and achievement.

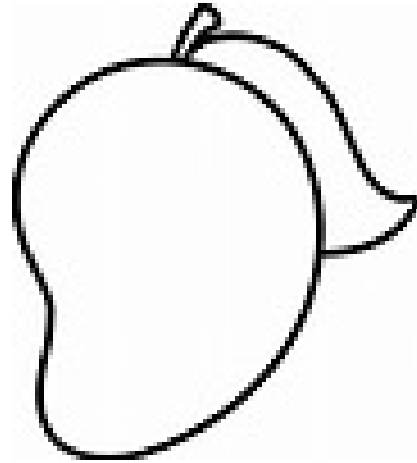
4. Name any four places of worship.

Ans: Temple, Mosque, Gurudwara and Church.

IV. Draw and name any two national symbols:



Lotus



Mango

Ln-13: Our Planet

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. A desert is covered with sand.
2. World Earth day is celebrated every year on 22nd April.
3. The Earth's surface is covered with water and land.
4. A plain is a flat area of land.
5. A lake is a small water body surrounded by land.

II. Match the following:

1. Tallest mountain - Himalayan range
2. Sea - salt water
3. Water body - river
4. Solar system - eight planets
5. Plateau - tableland

III. Give two examples:

1. Water bodies - River, Lake
2. Solar system - Neptune, Mars
3. Land forms - Plain, Hill

IV. Answer the following:

1. Name the eight planets of our solar system.

Ans: * Mercury * Jupiter
 * Venus * Saturn
 * Earth * Uranus
 * Mars * Neptune

2. What are called peaks?

Ans: Mountain tops are called peaks.

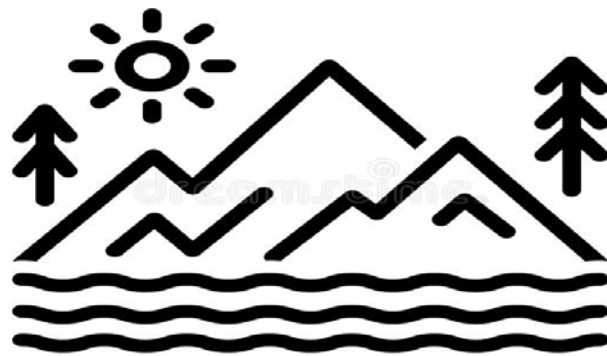
3. Why is the Earth called the blue planet?

Ans: Most of the Earth's surface is covered with water which makes it appear blue in colour. Hence, it is called the blue planet.

4. What is the difference between a sea and an ocean?

Ans: A sea is a large water body on earth, whereas an ocean is a large and continuous expanse of sea.

V. Draw and name a landform:



Valley